# Four-door Two-way Access Controller

Quick Start Guide

# **Cybersecurity Recommendations**

### Mandatory actions to be taken towards cybersecurity

### 1. Change Passwords and Use Strong Passwords:

The number one reason systems get "hacked" is due to having weak or default passwords. It is recommended to change default passwords immediately and choose a strong password whenever possible. A strong password should be made up of at least 8 characters and a combination of special characters, numbers, and upper and lower case letters.

### 2. Update Firmware

As is standard procedure in the tech-industry, we recommend keeping NVR, DVR, and IP camera firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is current with the latest security patches and fixes.

"Nice to have" recommendations to improve your network security

### 1. Change Passwords Regularly

Regularly change the credentials to your devices to help ensure that only authorized users are able to access the system.

### 2. Change Default HTTP and TCP Ports:

- Change default HTTP and TCP ports for systems. These are the two ports used to communicate and to view video feeds remotely.
- These ports can be changed to any set of numbers between 1025-65535. Avoiding the default ports reduces the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

### 3. Enable HTTPS/SSL:

Set up an SSL Certificate to enable HTTPS. This will encrypt all communication between your devices and recorder.

#### 4. Enable IP Filter:

Enabling your IP filter will prevent everyone, except those with specified IP addresses, from accessing the system.

### 5. Change ONVIF Password:

On older IP Camera firmware, the ONVIF password does not change when you change the system's credentials. You will need to either update the camera's firmware to the latest revision or manually change the ONVIF password.

### 6. Forward Only Ports You Need:

- Only forward the HTTP and TCP ports that you need to use. Do not forward a huge range of numbers to the device. Do not DMZ the device's IP address.
- You do not need to forward any ports for individual cameras if they are all connected to a recorder on site; just the NVR is needed.

### 7. Disable Auto-Login on SmartPSS:

Those using SmartPSS to view their system and on a computer that is used by multiple people should disable auto-login. This adds a layer of security to prevent users without the appropriate credentials from accessing the system.

### 8. Use a Different Username and Password for SmartPSS:

In the event that your social media, bank, email, etc. account is compromised, you would not want someone collecting those passwords and trying them out on your video surveillance system. Using a different username and password for your security system will make it more difficult for someone to guess their way into your system.

### 9. Limit Features of Guest Accounts:

If your system is set up for multiple users, ensure that each user only has rights to features and functions they need to use to perform their job.

#### 10. UPnP:

- UPnP will automatically try to forward ports in your router or modem. Normally this would be a good thing. However, if your system automatically forwards the ports and you leave the credentials defaulted, you may end up with unwanted visitors.
- If you manually forwarded the HTTP and TCP ports in your router/modem, this feature should be turned off regardless. Disabling UPnP is recommended when the function is not used in real applications.

### 11. SNMP:

Disable SNMP if you are not using it. If you are using SNMP, you should do so only temporarily, for tracing and testing purposes only.

### 12. Multicast:

Multicast is used to share video streams between two recorders. Currently there are no known issues involving Multicast, but if you are not using this feature, deactivation can enhance your network security.

### 13. Check the Log:

If you suspect that someone has gained unauthorized access to your system, you can check the system log. The system log will show you which IP addresses were used to login to your system and what was accessed.

### 14. Physically Lock Down the Device:

Ideally, you want to prevent any unauthorized physical access to your system. The best way to achieve this is to install the recorder in a lockbox, locking server rack, or in a room that is behind a lock and key.

### 15. Connect IP Cameras to the PoE Ports on the Back of an NVR:

Cameras connected to the PoE ports on the back of an NVR are isolated from the outside world and cannot be accessed directly.

### 16. Isolate NVR and IP Camera Network

The network your NVR and IP camera resides on should not be the same network as your public computer network. This will prevent any visitors or unwanted guests from getting access to the same network the security system needs in order to function properly.

# **Foreword**

### General

This document elaborates on structure, installation and wiring of four-door two-way access controller.

### Safety Instructions

The following categorized signal words with defined meaning might appear in the Manual.

Signal Words	Meaning
<b>DANGER</b>	Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
<b>WARNING</b>	Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.
<b>A</b> CAUTION	Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, lower performance, or unpredictable result.
©T TIPS	Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save you time.
NOTE	Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.

### Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect personal data of others, such as face, fingerprints, car plate number, Email address, phone number, GPS and so on. You need to be in compliance with the local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing measures, including but not limited to: providing clear and visible identification to inform data subject the existence of surveillance area and providing related contact.

### About the Guide

- The Guide is for reference only. If there is inconsistency between the Guide and the actual product, the actual product shall prevail.
- We are not liable for any loss caused by the operations that do not comply with the Guide.
- The Guide would be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related regions. For detailed information, see the paper User's Manual, CD-ROM, QR code or our official website. If there is inconsistency between paper User's Manual and the electronic version, the electronic version shall prevail.

- All the designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. The product updates might cause some differences between the actual product and the Guide. Please contact the customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There still might be deviation in technical data, functions and operations description, or errors in print. If there is any doubt or dispute, please refer to our final explanation.
- Upgrade the reader software or try other mainstream reader software if the Guide (in PDF format) cannot be opened.
- All trademarks, registered trademarks and the company names in the Guide are the properties of their respective owners.
- Please visit our website, contact the supplier or customer service if there is any problem occurred when using the device.
- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, please refer to our final explanation.

# **Important Safeguards and Warnings**

The following description is the correct application method of the device. Please read the Guide carefully before use, in order to prevent danger and property loss. Strictly conform to the Guide during application and keep it properly after reading.

### **Operating Requirement**

- Please don't place and install the device in an area exposed to direct sunlight or near heat generating device.
- Please don't install the device in a humid, dusty or fuliginous area.
- Please keep its horizontal installation, or install it at stable places, and prevent it from falling.
- Please don't drip or splash liquids onto the device; don't put on the device anything filled with liquids, in order to prevent liquids from flowing into the device.
- Please install the device at well-ventilated places; don't block its ventilation opening.
- Use the device only within rated input and output range.
- Please don't dismantle the device arbitrarily.
- Please transport, use and store the device within allowed humidity and temperature range.

### Power Requirement

- Please make sure to use batteries according to requirements; otherwise, it may result in fire, explosion or burning risks of batteries!
- To replace batteries, only the same type of batteries can be used!
- The product shall use electric cables (power cables) recommended by this area, which shall be used within its rated specification!
- Please use standard power adapter matched with the device. Otherwise, the user shall undertake resulting personnel injury or device damage.
- Please use power supply that meets SELV (safety extra low voltage) requirements, and supply power with rated voltage that conforms to Limited Power Source in IEC60950-1. For specific power supply requirements, please refer to device labels.
- Products with category I structure shall be connected to grid power output socket, which is equipped with protective grounding.
- Appliance coupler is a disconnecting device. During normal use, please keep an angle that facilitates operation.

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Overview

Four-door two-way access controller is a controlling device which compensates video surveillance and visual intercom. It has neat and modern design with strong functionality, suitable for high-end commercial building, prison, bank, government and enterprise.

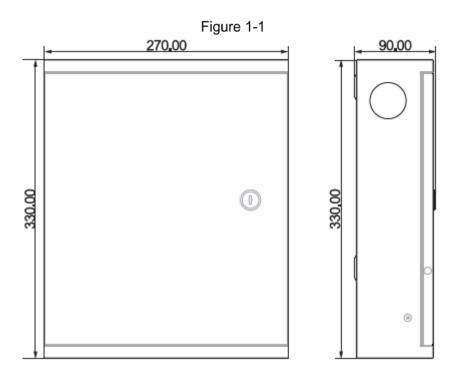
### 1.1 Functional Feature

Its rich functions are as follows:

- Professional industrial design, lock and hinge rotational structure, able to bear 80kg force, with excellent vandal-resistant performance.
- Integrate alarm, access control, video surveillance and fire alarm.
- Support 8 sets of card readers (which can be set to 4 one-door two-way readers, with RS485 or Wiegand input).
- Support 21 groups of signal input (exit button\*4, door contact\*4, lock bolt\*4, local tamper alarm\*1 and alarm input\*8).
- Support 12 groups of control output (electric lock \*4 and external alarm output \*8).
- Support audio module output (with external amplifier and speaker).
- Support extended GSM module.
- With 2 groups of RS485 port, it may extend to connect control module.
- FLASH storage capacity is 16M (which may extend to 32M). Support max. 100,000 card holders and 150,000 card reading records.
- Support tamper alarm, illegal intrusion alarm, unlock timeout alarm, duress card and duress code setup. Also support black-white list and patrol card setup.
- Support valid time period setting, password setting and expiration date setting of cards. Regarding guest card, its time of use can be set.
- Support 128 groups of schedules and 128 groups of holiday schedules.
- Permanent data storage during outage, built-in RTC (support DST), online upgrade.

## 1.2 External Dimension

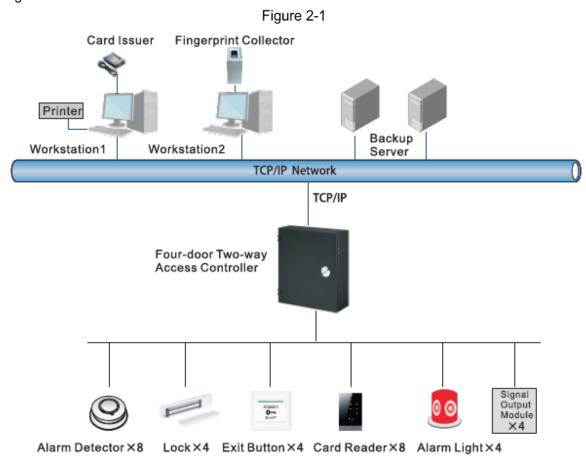
Its appearance and dimension is shown in Figure 1-1. The unit is mm.



# 2 Installation Guide

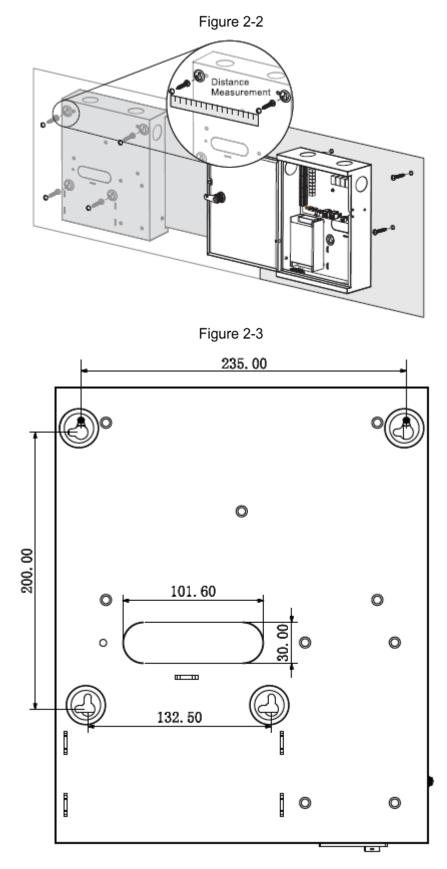
# 2.1 System Structure

System structure of four-door two-way access controller, door lock and reader is shown in Figure 2-1.



# 2.2 Device Installation

Device installation diagram is shown in Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3. The unit is mm.



NOTE

Please ensure that device mounting surface is able to bear 3 times as many as the total weight of the device, bracket and accessories.

<u>Step 1</u> Measure every hole distance and position according to holes at rear shell of the device, as shown in Figure 2-3; drill holes in the wall according to the measured positions.

Step 2 Embed expansion nuts and fix screws into the wall.

Step 3 Hang the whole device onto the screws.

# 2.3 Wiring Diagram

# 2.3.1 Wiring Description of Access Controller

This device supports four-door two-way in or out. In case of alarm input, trigger external alarm output device to give an alarm. Device wiring diagram is shown in Figure 2-4.

Figure 2-4 Lock Control Exit Reader of Door 3

2.3.2 NC/NO Switching Description

During connection of internal alarm output and lock control, it is necessary to switch NC/NO with jumper cap.

- means to switch to NC (normally closed).
- means to switch to NO (normally open).

# 2.3.3 Wiring Description of Exit Button

Corresponding wiring terminals of exit button are shown in Figure 2-5. Please refer to Table 2-1 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-5

Exit Button 1

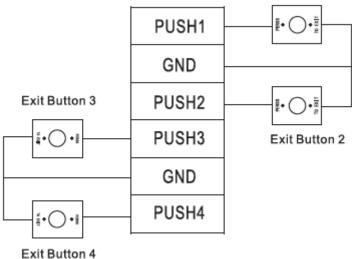


Table 2-1

Port	Wiring Terminal	Description
	PUSH1	Exit button of door 1
	GND	Shared by door 1 and door 2
Exit button Control	PUSH2	Exit button of door 2
Port	PUSH3	Exit button of door 3
	GND	Shared by door 3 and door 4
	PUSH4	Exit button of door 4

# 2.3.4 Wiring Description of Door Contact

Corresponding wiring terminals of door contact are shown in Figure 2-6. Please refer to Table 2-2 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-6

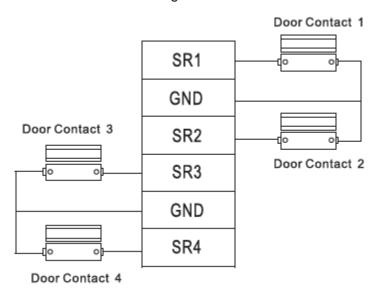


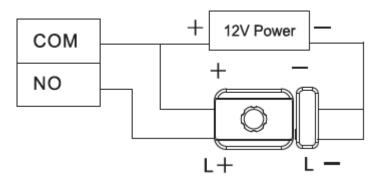
Table 2-2

Port	Wiring Terminal	Description	
	SR1	Door contact feedback of door 1	
	GND	Shared by door 1 and door 2	
Door contact	SR2	Door contact feedback of door 2	
feedback port	SR3	Door contact feedback of door 3	
	GND	Shared by door 3 and door 4	
	SR4	Door contact feedback of door 4	

# 2.3.5 Wiring Description of Lock

Support 4 groups of lock control outputs; serial numbers after the terminals represent corresponding doors. Please choose NC/NO and a proper connection mode according to lock type, as shown in Figure 2-7, Figure 2-8 and Figure 2-9. Please refer to Table 2-3 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-7



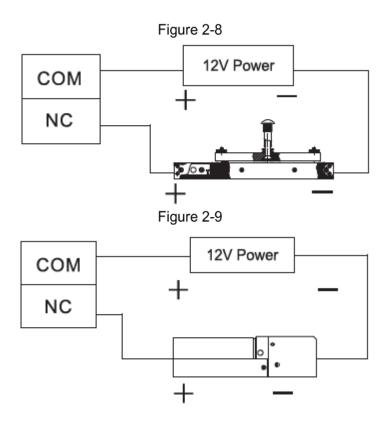


Table 2-3

Port	Wiring Terminal	Description
	COM1	Lock control of door 1
	NO1/NC1	Lock control of door 1
	COM2	Lock control of door 2
Lock control output	NO2/NC2	LOCK CONTROL OF GOOD 2
port	COM3	Lock control of door 3
	NO3/NC3	Lock control of door 5
	COM4	Look control of door 4
	NO4/NC4	Lock control of door 4

# 2.3.6 Wiring Description of Reader

NOTE

1 door only supports to connect one type of reader—485 or Wiegand.

Please refer to Table 2-4 for descriptions of wiring terminals corresponding to readers. Take door 1 for example; other readers are the same. Please refer to Table 2-5 for descriptions of reader cable specification and length.

Table 2-4

Port	Wiring Terminal	Cable Color	Description
	485+	Purple	495 reader
	485-	Yellow	485 reader
Entry Reader of	LED	Brown	
Door 1	D0	Green	Wingand randor
	D1	White	Wiegand reader
	CASE	Blue	

Port Wiring Terminal		Cable Color	Description
	GND	Black	Pooder newer aunaly
	12V	Red	Reader power supply

Table 2-5

Reader Type	ader Type Connection Mode	
485 Reader	CAT5e network cable, 485 connection	100m
Wiegand Reader	CAT5e network cable, Wiegand connection	100m

## 2.3.7 Wiring Description of External Alarm Input

8-ch external alarm input connection is shown in Figure 2-10. Please refer to Table 2-6 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-10

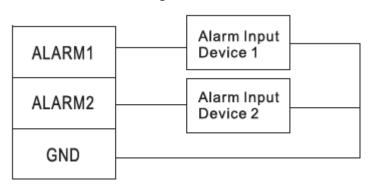


Table 2-6

Port	Wiring Term	inal	Description
	ALARM1	Alarm input port 1	External alarm input ports are
	ALARM2	Alarm input port 2	able to connect smoke detector
	GND	Shared by alarm input port 1 and 2	and IR detector etc
	ALARM3	Alarm input port 3	NOTE NOTE
External	ALARM4	Alarm input port 4	External alarm can link door
alarm	GND	Shared by alarm input port 3 and 4	open and closed status.
input	ALARM5	Alarm input port 5	● ALARM1 ~ ALARM2
put	ALARM6	Alarm input port 6	external alarms link all doors
	GND	Shared by alarm input port 5 and 6	to be normally open.
	ALARM7	Alarm input port 7	$ullet$ ALARM3 $\sim$ ALARM4
	ALARM8	Alarm input port 8	external alarms link all doors
	GND	Shared by alarm input port 7 and 8	to be normally closed.

# 2.3.8 Wiring Description of Internal Alarm Output

With 4-ch internal alarm output, after internal alarm input (such as door timeout) triggers an alarm, the alarm output device gives an alarm for 15s.

During connection of alarm output device, please select NC/NO according to normally closed or normally open status.

There are two connection modes of internal alarm output, depending on alarm device. For example, IPC can use Mode 1, whereas audible and visual siren can use Mode 2, as shown in Figure 2-11 and Figure 2-12. Please refer to Table 2-7 for descriptions about wiring terminals.

Table 2-7

Device

Port	Wiring Terminal		Description
	COM1 NO1/NC1	<ul> <li>Tamper alarm output of door 1 entry reader and exit reader</li> <li>Timeout and intrusion alarm output of door 1</li> </ul>	2300114011
Internal alarm	NO2/NC2	<ul> <li>Tamper alarm output of door 2 entry reader and exit reader</li> <li>Timeout and intrusion alarm output of door 2</li> </ul>	Internal alarm output ports are able to connect
output	COM3 NO3/NC3	<ul> <li>Tamper alarm output of door 3 entry reader and exit reader</li> <li>Timeout and intrusion alarm output of door 3</li> </ul>	audible and visual sirens.
	NO4/NC4 •	entry reader and exit reader	

# 2.3.9 Wiring Description of External Alarm Output

With 4-ch external alarm output, after external alarm input triggers an alarm, the alarm output device gives an alarm for 15s.

There are two connection modes of external alarm output, depending on alarm device. For example, IPC can use Mode 1, whereas audible and visual siren can use Mode 2, as shown in Figure 2-13 and Figure 2-14. Please refer to Table 2-8 for descriptions about wiring terminals.

Figure 2-13

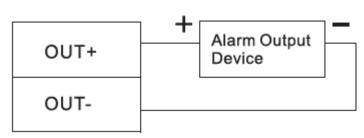


Figure 2-14

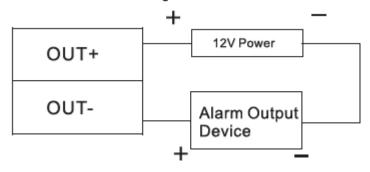


Table 2-8

Port	Wiring Terminal		Description
	OUT1+	ALARM1/ALARM2	
	OUT1-	triggers alarm output.	
	OUT2+	ALARM3/ALARM4	
External alarm	OUT2-	triggers alarm output.	External alarm output ports are able
output	OUT3+	ALARM5/ALARM6	to connect audible and visual sirens.
	OUT3-	triggers alarm output.	
	OUT4+	ALARM7/ALARM8	
	OUT4-	triggers alarm output.	

# 2.3.10 Description of Alarm Input and Output Rule

In case of alarm event, access controller can control the access and external alarm status. Please refer to Table 2-9 for detailed alarm input and output rules.

Table 2-9

Alarm	Alarm Event	Alarm Signal	Alarm Signal	Alarm Status
Туре		Input Port	Output Port	Alailii Status
	Trigger no. 1 alarm detector	ALM1		No. 1 alarm gives
			OUT1	an alarm, and links
	Trigger no. 2 alarm detector	ALM2	0011	all doors to be
				normally open.
External	Trigger no. 3 alarm detector	ALM3		No. 2 alarm gives
alarm	Trigger no. 4 alarm detector	ALM4	OUT2	an alarm, and links
input				all doors to be
				normally open.
	Trigger no. 5 alarm detector	ALM5		No. 3 alarm gives
	Trigger no 6 plarm detector	ALM6	ОИТ3	an alarm, and links
	Trigger no. 6 alarm detector			all doors to be

Alarm	Alarm Event	Alarm Signal	Alarm Signal	Alarm Status
Туре		Input Port	Output Port	Alarm Status
				normally closed.
	Trigger no. 7 alarm detector	ALM7		No. 4 alarm gives
	Trigger no. 8 alarm detector	ALM8	OUT4	an alarm, and links
				all doors to be
				normally closed.
	Intrusion alarm or unlock timeout alarm of no. 1 door	SR1	Internal alarm output COM1	External alarm
				device gives an
				alarm.
	Intrusion alarm or unlock timeout alarm of no. 2 door	SR2	Internal alarm output COM2	External alarm
				device gives an
				alarm.
	Intrusion alarm or unlock timeout alarm of no. 3 door	SR3	Internal alarm output COM3	External alarm
				device gives an
				alarm.
	Intrusion alarm or unlock timeout alarm of no. 4 door	SR4	Internal alarm output COM4	External alarm
Internal				device gives an
alarm				alarm.
input	Tamper alarm of entry and exit reader of no. 1 door  Tamper alarm of entry and exit reader of no. 2 door	RS-485/CASE	Internal alarm output COM1	External alarm
iiiput				device gives an
				alarm.
		RS-485/CASE	Internal alarm output COM2	External alarm
				device gives an
				alarm.
	Tamper alarm of entry and exit reader of no. 3 door	RS-485/CASE	Internal alarm output COM3	External alarm
				device gives an
				alarm.
	Tamper alarm of entry and exit reader of no. 4 door	RS-485/CASE	Internal alarm output COM4	External alarm
				device gives an
				alarm.

# 2.4 DIP Switch

Operate with DIP switch.

Figure 2-15



- the switch is at ON position, meaning 1.
- the switch is at the bottom, meaning 0.
- 1∼8 are all 0; the system is started normally.
- $1\sim8$  are all 1; the system enters BOOT mode after start.
- 1, 3, 5 and 7 are 1, while others are 0. After restart, the system restores factory defaults.
- 2, 4, 6 and 8 are 1, while others are 0. After restart, the system restores factory defaults, but user info is retained.

## 2.5 Restart

Press restart button (as shown in Figure 2-4) to restart the device.
NOTE
Restart button is to restart the device, rather than modifying configuration.

# 3 Smart PSS Config

Access controller is managed with Smart PSS client, so as to realize control and right configuration of one door and door groups.

This chapter mainly introduces quick configuration. For specific operations, please refer to User's Manual of Smart PSS Client.

NOTE

Smart PSS client offers different interfaces for different versions. Please refer to actual interface.

# 3.1 Login Client

Install the matching Smart PSS client, and double click to run. Carry out initialization configuration according to interface prompts and complete login.

### 3.2 Add Access Controller

Add access controller in Smart PSS; select "Auto Search" and "Add".

### 3.2.1 Auto Search

Devices are required to be in the same network segment.

Step 1 In "Devices" interface, click "Auto Search", as shown in Figure 3-1.

The system displays "Auto Search" interface, as shown in Figure 3-2.

Figure 3-1

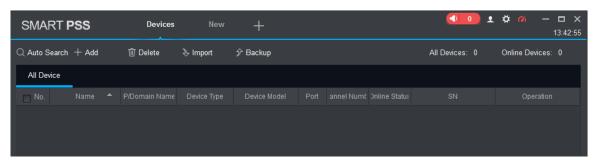
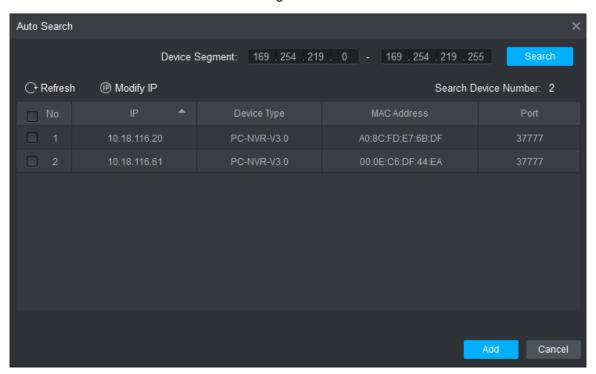


Figure 3-2



Step 2 Input device segment and click "Search".

The system displays search results.

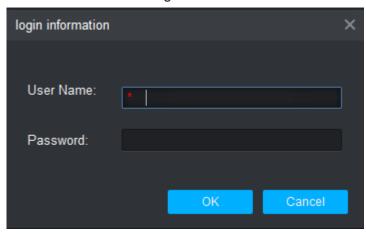
- ₩ NOTE
- Click "Refresh" to update device information.
- Select a device, click "Modify IP" to modify IP address of the device. For specific operations, please refer to User's Manual of Smart PSS Client.
- Step 3 Select the device that needs to be added, and click "Add".

The system pops up "Prompt".

Step 4 Click "OK".

The system displays "Login Information" dialogue box, as shown in Figure 3-3.

Figure 3-3



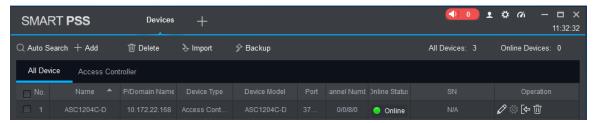
Step 5 Input "User Name" and "Password" to log in the device, and click "OK".

The system displays the added device list, as shown in Figure 3-4.

- III NOTE
- After completing adding, the system continues to stay at "Auto Search" interface.
   You can continue to add more devices, or click "Cancel" to exit "Auto Search" interface.

 After completing adding, Smart PSS logs in the device automatically. In case of successful login, online status displays "Online". Otherwise, it displays "Offline".

Figure 3-4



### 3.2.2 Manual Add

To add devices, device IP address or domain name shall be known first.

Step 1 In "Devices" interface, click "Add", as shown in Figure 3-5.

The system pops up "Manual Add" interface, as shown in Figure 3-6.

Figure 3-5

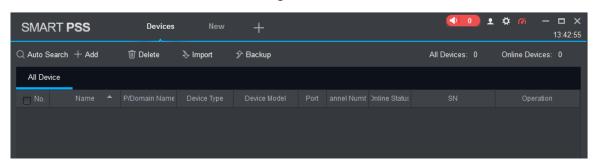
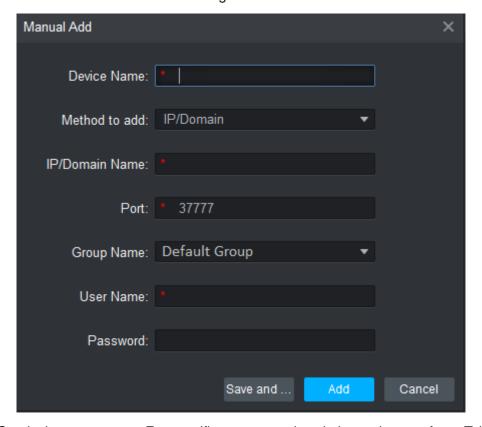


Figure 3-6



Step 2 Set device parameters. For specific parameter descriptions, please refer to Table 3-1.

Table 3-1

Parameter	Description		
Device Name	It is suggested that device should be named by the		
Device Name	monitoring zone, so as to facilitate maintenance.		
Method to add	Select "IP/Domain Name". Add devices according to		
Welliou to aud	device IP address or domain name.		
IP/Domain Name	IP address or domain name of the device.		
Port	Port number of the device. Default port number is		
Poil	37777. Please fill in according to actual conditions.		
Group Name	Select the group of the device.		
User Name and Password	User name and password of the device.		

### Step 3 Click "Add" to add a device.

The system displays the added device list, as shown in Figure 3-4. Doors of the added controller are displayed under "Access" tab, as shown in Figure 3-7.

### NOTE

- To add more devices, click "Save and Continue", add devices and stay at "Manual Add" interface.
- To cancel the adding, click "Cancel" and exit "Manual Add" interface.
- After completing adding, Smart PSS logs in the device automatically. In case of successful login, online status displays "Online". Otherwise, it displays "Offline".
   Figure 3-7

SMART **PSS** Access Organizations a ♣ Default Group ♠ ASC1204C-D 🚱 Door 1 ⅲ 台車 ✓ Normal Name Global Control Card No.



For problems not included hereinafter, please contact local customer service personnel or consult headquarter customer service personnel. We will be always at your service.

1. Question: After power on, power indicator doesn't turn on or the buzzer doesn't respond.

Answer: Please check whether power plug is inserted in place. Please pull it out and insert it again.

2. Question: After the reader is connected with the device, card swiping light doesn't turn on, and it doesn't respond after swiping a card.

Answer: Please check whether reader connector is inserted in place. Please pull it out and insert it again; check whether reader contact light turns on.

3. Question: Client software fails to detect the device.

Answer: Please check whether TCP/IP connector is connected properly, and whether device IP is in the same network segment.

4. Question: After swiping card, it prompts that card is invalid.

Answer: Please check whether this card number has been added in the controller.

5. Question: Default IP of access controller.

Answer: Default IP address is 192.168.0.2.

6. Question: Default port, initial user name and password of access controller.

Answer: Default port is 37777, initial user name is admin and password is 123456.

7. Question: Online upgrade of the device.

Answer: Connect the device and platform through network, and upgrade it at the platform.

8. Question: Max. wiring distance and transmission distance of card reader and controller.

Answer: It depends on network cable type and whether it needs power supply of control relay. Connected with CAT5E network cable, typical value is:

- RS485, 100m.
- Wiegand, 100m.